



Ainaži and the Surrounding Area

- 1. North Breakwater. A witness to the Ainaži Harbour activity launch at the beginning of the 20th century, near the Estonian border.
2. St. Arseny Orthodox Church. Ainaži, Valdemāra Street 63, Tel.: +371 26342831.
3. Old Sailors' Cemetery. The most significant seafarers of the area are buried here.
4. Memorial Stone "The White Sun". Commemoration symbol to the Latvian folklorist Krišjānis Valdemārs by sculptor V. Titāns.
5. Wind Generators. The wind generators are an impressive sight on the side of the "VIA Baltic" road.
6. Ainaži Naval School Museum. Introduces visitors to the history of the first Latvian Naval School and the construction of a shipyard on the Baltic Sea coast.
7. Ainaži Fire-fighting Museum. Established in the former building of the Firemen Association, the museum displays the history of Ainaži Firemen Association.
8. Latvian - Estonian Border. If travellers have their passport along, they can shop at Ika's small shop and seek adventures in Estonia along the old Tallinn highway.
9. Randu Meadows and Bird Watchtower. A section of the Vidzeme seashore from Ainaži to Kuivīzi. The only seaside meadows in Latvia, including rare plant species.
10. Pietrags (The Red) cliffs. A steep sandstone bank around 10 m high and over 400 m long.

Aloja and the Surrounding Area

- 11. Evangelical Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1776, the altar and pulpit of the church are an art monument of national significance.
12. Bust of the Latvian Poet Auseklis. A monument at the Aloja Auseklis Secondary School - a granite monument (by sculptor M. Lange) erected in 1973.
13. Fountain - memorial stone to the Latvian poet Auseklis and the chief conductor of the 1st Latvian Song Festival Indriķis Zīle.
14. Gravesite of the Latvian Poet Auseklis (1850-1879) with Black Granite Gravestone (erected in 1898).
15. Aloja Museum. Introduces visitors to the life and work of the Latvian awakening period poet Auseklis, the history of Aloja parish and the most significant district residents.
16. NEW - "Viksnas" Farm. Excursion around the farm. Tour around the farm and through the process of gathering wool, a look at the sheep herd and sheep products - travel pillows and wool for sale, tour around the landscape garden.
17. Braslava Park. At 12.8 ha, it is a historical and architecture monument of national significance.
18. Vilzēni Manor House, Stork Rookery. A total of over 50 houses located in the parish territory near the manor house are locations where storks make their nests.
19. Puikule Manor House. Constructed according to the Neo-Gothic style, the manor incorporates interesting brick work and a monumental tower.
20. Ungurpils Hill Lake. A man-made mill lake with floating islands.
21. NEW - Kriķis Trail. By the library in Vilzēni, a trail has been created for writer Jānis Simanīns' fairy tale characters.

Staicele and the Surrounding Area

- 27. NEW - Karogi Sandpit. In cooperation with State JSC Latvijas valsts meži (Latvian State Forests), the trail to Karogi caves has been restored and a recreation area has been built by the pond.
28. "The Professors' Nest". The nest in which the symbol of Staicele - the stork - was born.
29. Stone Sculpture Open Air Exhibition in Staicele. Works created by famous sculptors in Latvia during the period of stone symposiums - in 1999 and in 2000 - are displayed here.
30. Livs Museum "Pivālnis". Introduces the cultural heritage of the Livs in Salaca parish and the history of Staicele.
31. Clay Ceramics Workshop "Cepils". Opportunity for visitors to try their hand in clay moulding and shaping.
32. NEW - The Artists' Shed. An open air complex - a log barn constructed in 1891 and a pond.
33. Staicele Wooden Construction Site. Began to form in 1893 as workers' city related to the construction of "The Baltic Paper and Cardboard Factory".
34. Monument to Vidzeme's Livs. A stone boat with a bird.
35. Rozēni - Staicele Evangelical Lutheran Church. The church was constructed in 1930.
36. Planči Swamp Nature Trail. A nature trail for eco-tourists along the swamp, where one can enjoy an entire symphony of colours and sounds.
37. Viksnas Caves. Located on the right bank of the Salaca river, 3.5 km from the Staicele bridge, in the Viksnas cliffs.
38. New "Jaunmīķi" Farm. There are 40 bee hives in the household.
39. Ceramic Wall Panel "Lighthouses of Latvia". Clay map by ceramist I. Kildziņš of lighthouses in Latvia can be viewed in the foyer of the AS Brīvības vīnits fish processing complex.
40. St. Virgin Shelter Orthodox Church. Constructed in 1873 after the design of architect R. Pļūgs. Pļūgs is also the author of the Cathedral of the Birth of Christ or the Orthodox Cathedral in Riga.

Salacgrīva and the Surrounding Area

- 41. Liešalca Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1857 to replace the former wooden church.
42. Salaca Castle Mound. In 1226, the Castle of Riga's Bishop Albert was erected here and controlled the access to Salaca reservoir from the sea.
43. St. Maria Goretti Catholic Church. Constructed in 1973 by architect D. Straubergs, sacral music concerts are held in the church.
44. The Fishermen's Park. Sports and recreation complex.
45. Lamprey Weirs in Salaca River. Weirs, lamprey fishing and tasting.
46. Museum of Salacgrīva. Exhibition "Fishing Tools and Types".
47. Chinchillas. Salacgrīva, Aka Street 2b.
48. Ostriches. Grivas, Krāmiņu Street 13.
49. Livonian Sacrifice Caves at Svētupurī. 27 species of larch, 10 species of juniper and 7 species of thuja can be viewed in the garden.
50. NEW - O. Kiršteins Garden Landscape. 27 species of larch, 10 species of juniper and 7 species of thuja can be viewed in the garden.
51. Old Kurmragis Lighthouse. An interesting site-seeing object, which was located at the top of the steep shore approximately ten years ago, but currently has settled to the sea level.
52. Rocky Vidzeme Coast. 14 km-long nature reserve from Tūja to Dzeni.
53. Vecemzes Red Cliffs. 200 m long and 4 m high sandstone detritions with grottos and caves.
54. Liepupe Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1783, burnt down in 1971.
55. Münchhausen's Museum and Forest Trail. Materials about Münchhausen's adventures in Dunte can be viewed in the exhibition.
56. Pernigē Museum. Exhibition "Sailing Ships of Liepupe all Over the World".
57. Limbaži City Museum. Historical exhibition and exhibition halls have been created in the new castle of the Riga City Council.
58. Limbaži Medieval Castle Ruins and Paragona Tower. The construction of the castle was started in the first half of the 13th century.
59. Limbaži Evangelical Lutheran Church. The masonry church was constructed in 1679 to 1680, according to building master R. Bīdēns's design.
60. Catholic Church. Constructed in 1996 (by architects I. Jekale and D. Straubergs).
61. Transfiguration of Christ Orthodox Church. The magnificent church was constructed in 1900 to 1903 in the Neo-Byzantine style.
62. Monument to Composer and Author of the Latvia National Anthem Kārlis Baumanis. Located at the intersection of Dabiles Street and Česu Street.
63. Gildes (Guild) Street. Formed in the 14th century.
64. Mūra (Masonry) Street. The ruins of the former city fortification walls can be viewed on this street.
65. Viensbāis (Unity) Park. Located between Rigas and Parka Streets.
66. Jūras (Lutheran Parish) Street Cemetery. Monument to composer Kārlis Baumanis (by sculptor G. Šķitlers, 1920).
67. Kārlis Baumanis (The Old-Town) Square. The square and a network of streets formed in the medieval period.
68. Pils (Castle) Street. A large tower is located here at the beginning of the 20th century.
69. Limbaži Lakeshore of Lielezers. From June it is a facilitated beach, a children's playground, offers boat and water cycle rental, sports grounds and a pontoon dock.
70. Nature Trail of Lielezers Lake. Created in the North-East part of Lielezers Lake in Limbaži.
71. The Old Fire-fighter's Depot. The building was constructed in the second half of the 19th century in forms characteristic to the historic period.
72. Wall Paintings in the "Old-Town Hall". The building was constructed in the second half of the 18th century and was owned by the merchant Braunschweig.
73. Ingrida Zagata Ceramics Workshop "Cepļi". The workshop of a traditional pottery master.
74. Arnis Preis Ceramics Workshop "Zelmeņi". At Vidzeme potter's A. Preis' workshop "Zelmeņi" in Skulte parish, you have the opportunity to see the creation of pottery.
75. Mini 200, "Bērkalni" Farm. 24 species of hens can be viewed at the household.
76. Igate Castle and Igate Castle Mill. Igate Castle is one of the most romantic castles in Vidzeme.
77. The Most Extensive Open Air Exhibition of Herbal Plants in Vidzeme. Application of the herbs in Physiotherapy.
78. Birņi Castle. The dwelling house of the manor house owners, constructed in 1860.
79. "Priēdītes" Farm. The country yard incorporates a rabbit garden, picnic sites and a volleyball pitch.
80. Lauga Swamp - "Gundegas" Farm. A new research farm - research, development of new technologies, (innovation) production and cultivation of biologically active substances.
81. Niedrāju-Piļkas Swamp. A classic moss swamp, in which a relaxing swamp trail has been created with a bird watch-platform.
82. Kirbižu Forrest Research Trail. Introduces visitors to the flora characteristic of Latvian forests and lets visitors observe human activity in the forest.
83. Guest House "Jokas". Wine tastings. Home-made wine of locally grown red currants, black currants, cherries, birch wine, oak leaves, rhubarbs, gooseberries, apple, cranberries, lime tree flowers, cucumbers etc.
84. "Purmalī" Farm. Ostriches, rabbits, marmosets, Cameroon dwarf goats, peacocks.
85. New - Sports School for Dogs "DzipoCo". Upon prior booking - demonstrations by dogs available. The only place in Latvia where children and teenagers learn beginner skills of the young dog guides and instructors.
86. N. Bomis Bakery "Lielezers". Bread that is recognised by its flavour.
87. Umurga Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1496, it is the oldest church in Limbaži district.
88. Augstrozēs Castle Mound. Ruins of the 13th century surrounded by legends and tales have remained at the castle mound.
89. Augstrozēs Evangelical - Lutheran Church. The church was constructed in 1789.
90. Composer E. Melngailis Memorial Building. At the native home of folklorist and composer E. Melngailis.
91. A. and M. Andrus Collection of Ethnographic Exhibitions. Exhibition is displayed at the former magazine building next to the E. Melngailis memorial building.
92. Family Museum of the Poets Bārds "Rumbiņi". The museum introduces the history of the Bārds family and lets visitors experience the atmosphere of an ancient Vidzeme country homestead.
93. "Lauči", Memorial Museum and History Research Centre of the District. Introduces the life of Latvian poet L. Paegle and the history of the Vidriži district.
94. Monument to the Author and Composer of the Latvian National Anthem "God, Bless Latvia!". Kārlis Baumanis. Vilzēni, monument at the composer's home "Indriķi" (by sculptor V. Titāns).
95. Viljēne St. Catherine Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1866 in the Gothic style.
96. Pāle Local History Museum. The exhibition reflects the history of Pāle parish and its surrounding area.
97. Katvari Manor House and Park. A beautiful park of distinctive, regular style with terraces and a lake.
98. Lēdurga Dendropark. Approximately 1 000 different plant, tree and bush species can be found in the park.
99. JSC Latvijas vīnas Valsts Meži West Vidzeme Forestry "Zāļi birsis". The largest stand of white pines in Latvia.
100. Lēdurga Lutheran Church. Constructed in 1772, it is an architectural monument of national significance. The pastor of the church was the father of German writer G. Merķelis. G. Merķelis was born in Lēdurga.

Limbaži and the Surrounding Area

- 74. Arnis Preis Ceramics Workshop "Zelmeņi". At Vidzeme potter's A. Preis' workshop "Zelmeņi" in Skulte parish, you have the opportunity to see the creation of pottery, to view the exhibition and to purchase the pottery and enjoy the fireplace and open fire brick-kiln in nice weather.
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